

R-CVP

For use in patients (first-line or relapsed) with symptomatic Stage III or IV follicular lymphoma
(NICE approved Sept 2006 / Feb 2008)

An option for high grade lymphoma patients not fit enough for the anthracycline component of R-CHOP

An option for 1st, 2nd or 3rd line treatment of other low grade B-cell lymphomas

All patients should be screened for hepatitis B virus before starting treatment

Drugs/Dosage:	Rituximab	375mg/m ²	IV	Day 1
		(dose 'banded' according to dosing table below)		
	<i>then</i>			
	Cyclophosphamide	750mg/m ²	IV	Day 1
	Vincristine	1.4mg/m ² (max 2mg)	IV	Day 1
	Prednisolone	100mg (flat dose)	po daily	Day 1 to Day 5

Age > 60 yrs and pre-existing constipation or neurological problems, consider vincristine dose of 1mg. If in doubt, check with Consultant.

Premedication: Paracetamol 1000mg po 60 minutes pre rituximab
Chlorphenamine 10mg IV 15 minutes pre rituximab
Dexamethasone 8mg IV 15 minutes pre rituximab
IV dexamethasone only may be omitted if Day 1 of oral prednisolone (100mg) taken at least 30 minutes before start of rituximab infusion

Other drugs: Allopurinol 300mg po daily, starting at least 24 hours before first dose – review after 3 weeks
Omeprazole 20mg od (or ranitidine) is recommended whilst treating with steroids

Administration: Rituximab should be given before CVP, diluted in 500ml 0.9% sodium chloride & administered according to following instructions:

First infusion#: start at 50mg/hr, according to infusion table below; escalate in 50mg/hr increments every 30 minutes to a maximum of 400mg/hr.
Monitor patient's vital signs (blood pressure, pulse, temp and O₂ saturation) at baseline and then every 30 minutes (before each increase in infusion rate) until end of infusion.

	Infusion Rate (mg/hour)							
	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400
Rituximab 'banded' dose	Infusion Rate (ml/hour) for rituximab in 500ml volume only							
450mg	55	111	166	222	277	333	388	444
500mg	50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400
600mg	42	83	125	167	208	250	292	333
700mg	36	71	107	143	178	214	250	286
800mg	31	62	94	125	156	187	219	250
900mg	28	56	83	111	139	167	194	222
1000mg	25	50	75	100	125	150	175	200
1100mg	23	45	68	90	114	136	159	182

Subsequent Infusions: * Patients who tolerated their first infusion at the standard recommended rate only *
Give 20% of dose (i.e. 100ml) over 30 minutes, then the remaining 80% (i.e. 400ml) over 1 hour, to give a total infusion time of 90 minutes.
Monitor patient's vital signs at baseline, then every 30 minutes until end of infusion.

Reason for Update: info on split rituximab dosing added	Approved by Chair of Alliance TSSG: Dr A Laurie
Version: 8	Date: 22.8.16
Supersedes: Version 7	Review Date: Sept 2018
Prepared by: S Taylor	Checked by: C Tucker

*** Patients who did not tolerate their first infusion at the standard rate ***

Administer and monitor as per first infusion, or at a slower rate if required.

#If WBC $\geq 25 \times 10^9/l$, there is an increased risk of severe cytokine release syndrome with rituximab administration. Options include omitting the rituximab for this cycle, or splitting rituximab dosing over two days, as follows:

Day 1: **rituximab 50mg/m²** in 50ml sodium chloride 0.9% IV infusion at 50mg/hr fixed rate throughout.

Day 2: **rituximab 325mg/m²** in 250-500ml sodium chloride 0.9% IV infusion, start at 50mg/hr, escalate in 50mg/hr increments every 30 mins to max 400mg/hr.

Full resuscitation equipment must be available, with immediate access to clinical staff trained in resuscitation for the first hour of the first rituximab infusion.

If reactions occur at any time, stop the infusion. If symptoms improve, restart at half the previous infusion rate, and escalate as tolerated.

Vincristine diluted in 50ml 0.9% sodium chloride and infused over 5-10 minutes

Cyclophosphamide may be given as a bolus

Frequency: 3 weekly cycle for a maximum of 8 cycles

Main Toxicities: severe cytokine release syndrome – usually occurs within 1–2 hours of the first rituximab infusion (see Comments); myelosuppression; alopecia; mucositis; peripheral neuropathy; constipation; haemorrhagic cystitis; ovarian failure; infertility
tumour lysis syndrome (ensure pre-medicated with allopurinol and good hydration);

Anti- emetics: highly emetogenic (but antiemetic dexamethasone not needed due to prednisolone)

Extravasation: Vincristine is a vesicant

Regular FBC Day 1
Investigations: LFTs, U&Es & LDH Day 1

Dose Modifications

Haematological Toxicity: If neutrophils $< 1.0 \times 10^9/l$ or platelets $< 100 \times 10^9/l$ on Day 1, delay chemotherapy until FBC recovered, then continue with 20% dose reduction of cyclophosphamide.
If low counts are due to marrow infiltration, discuss with Consultant.

Renal Impairment:

CrCl (ml/min)	Cyclophosphamide Dose
> 20	Give 100%
10 – 20	Give 75%
< 10	Give 50%

Hepatic Impairment:

Bilirubin ($\mu\text{mol/l}$)	ALT / AST (units/l)	Vincristine Dose
26 – 51 or	60 – 180	Give 50%
> 51 and	≤ 180	Give 50%
> 51 and	> 180	Omit

Neurotoxicity: Give 50% vincristine dose if Grade 2 motor and/or Grade 3 sensory toxicity.

Patient Information: Macmillan leaflet for R-CVP

References: Marcus, R et al; Blood 2005; 105: 1417-1423; Sehn et al; Blood 2007; 109 (10): 4171 - 4173

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