

Patient Agreement to Systemic Therapy: Consent Form	
Bevacizumab, Paclitaxel & Carboplatin	
Patient's details / addressograph:	<input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
	Special requirements (e.g. other language/other communication method)
	Consultant:

Name of proposed course of treatment: Bevacizumab, Paclitaxel & Carboplatin

Bevacizumab IV infusion, Paclitaxel IV infusion and Carboplatin IV infusion on day 1

Chemotherapy every 3 weeks for cycles (fill in appropriately)

Bevacizumab every 3 weeks for cycles (fill in appropriately)

Macmillan leaflet(s) given

Statement of health professional (to be filled in by health professional with appropriate knowledge of proposed procedure, as specified in consent policy)

I have discussed what the treatment is likely to involve (including inpatient / outpatient treatment, timing of the treatment, follow-up appointments) and location.

The intended benefits

- Curative – to give you the best possible chance of being cured
- Palliative – the aim is not to cure but to control or shrink the disease. The aim is to improve both quality of life and survival
- Adjuvant – therapy given after surgery to reduce the risk of recurrence of cancer
- Neo-adjuvant – therapy given before surgery or radiotherapy to shrink the cancer

Significant, unavoidable or frequently occurring risks:

Common side-effects: anaemia (low number of red blood cells), bruising or bleeding, hair loss, diarrhoea, feeling sick (nausea) and being sick (vomiting), sore mouth and ulcers, tiredness and feeling weak, numbness or tingling in the hands and feet, aching or pain in joints or muscles, high blood pressure, presence of protein in the urine.

Less common but potentially life threatening side-effects: reduced resistance to infection which can lead to a potentially fatal blood infection, allergic reaction, gastro-intestinal perforation or fistula, increased risk of stroke or heart attack.

Other less common side-effects include: temporary slowing of the heart, low blood pressure, your liver or kidneys may be temporarily affected, changes to nails, rash, changes in hearing, increased risk of bleeding, delay in wound healing.

Very rare (less than 0.1%) cases of reversible encephalopathy with seizures, headache, altered mental status and visual disturbances have been reported with bevacizumab.

If paclitaxel accidentally leaks outside the vein during administration, it can cause damage to the surrounding tissues, including potential long-term damage to both the function and appearance of the area. This is not common, but if it happens, nursing staff are trained to minimise the risks of longer term damage.

Cancer can increase your risk of developing a blood clot (thrombosis), and having chemotherapy may increase this risk further. A blood clot may cause pain, redness and swelling in a leg, or breathlessness and chest pain - you must tell your doctor straight away if you have any of these symptoms.

Some chemotherapy drugs can damage women's ovaries, with risk of infertility and early menopause. I have warned the patient about the likelihood of:

- early menopause infertility

Some chemotherapy drugs may damage the development of a baby in the womb (foetus), leading to the many risks associated with an abnormal pregnancy. Therefore, I have discussed the issues of protected sex. The patient has been advised not to become pregnant during the period of treatment, and for 12 months after treatment has completed.

Any other risks:

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Clinician Signature	
Signed.....	Date
Full Name (print) /	Job Title.....
(Forename)	(Surname)

Statement of patient

Patient Signature	
Please read this form carefully, which describes the benefits and risks of the proposed treatment. You have the right to change your mind at any time, including after you have signed this form.	
I agree to undergo chemotherapy. I understand the treatment and am aware of the potential side-effects arising from this treatment.	
I understand that you cannot give me a guarantee that a particular person will perform the procedure. The person will, however, have appropriate training and experience.	
Signed.....	Name.....
Date.....	
A witness should sign below if the patient is unable to sign but has indicated his or her consent.	
Signature	Date
Name (PRINT)	

Statement of interpreter (where appropriate)

I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which I believe s/he can understand.

Signed Name (PRINT) Date.....

Confirmation of consent (to be completed by the chemotherapy nurse when the patient attends for the first cycle)

On behalf of the team treating the patient, I have confirmed with the patient that s/he has no further questions and wishes the treatment to go ahead.

Signed Name (PRINT) Date.....

Copy accepted by patient: yes/no (please ring)
Copy to be retained in patient's notes

Reason for Update: N/A	Checked and approved by Consultant: Dr A Stewart
Version: 1	Date: 30.11.15